

NEWS AND NOTES

PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

EDITED BY FREDERIC A. OGG

University of Wisconsin

Uncertainty about the outcome of a proposal for a joint meeting of the American Political Science Association and the New York Academy of Political Science makes it impossible to announce at this time where the next meeting of the Political Science Association will be held. Members will receive a postal card announcement as soon as the Executive Council is in a position to take final action.

Professor Parker T. Moon, of Columbia University, has been transferred from the department of history to the department of public law, as assistant professor of international relations.

Dr. Percy M. Baldwin, who completed his graduate work at the University of California last year, is now professor of history and government in the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.

Dr. Charles C. Thach, Jr., associate in history and political science at Johns Hopkins University, has resigned to accept a position as assistant professor of political science in New York University, Washington Square College.

Hon. Robert Luce, member of Congress and author of recent works on legislative organization and procedure, delivered the Godkin lectures at Harvard University in March, on the subject of congressional government.

Dr. C. O. Gardiner, of the University of Cincinnati, is studying in Washington. During his absence his courses in constitutional law are being conducted by Mr. Lawrence Lytle.

Dr. Leo S. Rowe, director general of the Pan American Union, returned to Washington in February from the third Pan-American Scientific Congress at Lima, which he attended as chairman of the delegation of the United States.

Professor Albert Bushnell Hart, on leave of absence from Harvard University during the second half of the year, lectured at the University of Illinois, the University of Wisconsin, and other western institutions during the spring.

Dr. Herman Finer, of the London School of Economics and Political Science, spent the first half of the current academic year at the Brookings Graduate School in Washington and subsequently visited various universities throughout the country.

Mr. Charles Cheney Hyde, who retired from the office of solicitor of the state department on March 4, has been appointed Hamilton Fish professor of international law at Columbia University. Mr. Hyde succeeds Hon. John Bassett Moore, who, after more than thirty years of service in the university, retired last year in order to devote his time to his duties as American member of the Permanent Court of International Justice at the Hague.

Mr. Philip Jessup, formerly of the solicitor's office in the state department, has been appointed lecturer in international law at Columbia.

Professor Herman G. James has resigned from the University of Texas in order to accept the dual position of dean of the college of liberal arts and chairman of the department of political science at the University of Nebraska.

Professor E. M. Borchard, of the Yale University law school, will lecture on American constitutional law at the University of Berlin during the summer term.

Under the auspices of the bureau of municipal affairs of Norwich University, an Institute of Municipal Affairs was held at Montpelier, Vermont, on February 18 and 19. Among topics given special consideration were the manager plan of city government, debt legislation and financing of public improvements, and municipal planning.

The bureau of municipal affairs was established within the department of political science at Norwich in 1921, for the purpose of giving assistance to cities, towns, and villages in the solution of problems peculiar to municipal corporations.

Announcement was made late in February of the establishment of the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation, the object of which is to provide fellowships for advanced study abroad in all fields of learning. The first awards will be made for the academic year 1926-27, and it is the purpose of the foundation after the first year to maintain annually from forty to fifty fellows abroad. The stipend will be approximately \$2500 a year, and it is expected that the appointees will include younger instructors and professors on sabbatical leave. The foundation is to be managed by a board of trustees, advised by an educational board of which President Frank Aydelotte, of Swarthmore College, is chairman.

The semi-annual meeting of the Academy of Political Science in the City of New York, held on March 9, was devoted to consideration of the general subject "Popular Ownership of Property; Its Newer Forms and Social Consequences." Topics on which numerous addresses were made or papers read were "trades unions and coöperative ownership with reference to employee participation in ownership;" "custom ownership and the small investor;" and "the new proprietorship and its effects."

The twenty-ninth annual meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social Science will be held at Philadelphia on May 15 and 16. The general subject for consideration is American policy and international security. Sessions have been planned on the operation of the Dawes plan, war debts as a menace to international peace, the possibilities of disarmament, foreign investments and international peace, the outlawry of war, and the question whether the feeling of insecurity in Europe can be eliminated without the coöperation of the United States.

The fifth annual Western School for Commercial Executives is to be held under the joint auspices of the California Association of Commercial Secretaries and the department of political science of Stanford University, July 5 to 11, 1925, at Stanford. Prof. E. A. Cottrell is

dean of the school and on the staff are Colvin Brown and William Harper Dean, of the United States Chamber of Commerce, and Charles H. Cheney, city planning expert. Prof. Cottrell has been appointed acting professor for the summer quarter at the University of Washington, and will give courses in administration and state and local government.

Oberlin College has called to the department of political science for next year Dr. Oscar Jaszi, one of the most eminent mid-European scholars in the field of social and political science. Mr. Jaszi, a native of Hungary, was a leader in the educational and political reform movements prior to the war, and was a member of the Karolyi cabinet during the brief interval between the Bolshevik reign of terror and the present reactionary régime. While professor of political and social science in the University of Budapest, he founded and edited the leading political science journal in Hungary, and was also the founder of a society in Hungary somewhat similar in purpose and importance to the Fabian Society in England. He is the author of numerous works on social science and on present and recent European politics. Two years ago he made a tour of America, lecturing in colleges and universities. At Oberlin he will take charge of some of the courses in European politics now given by Professor Geiser and will add a new course on the social theory of the state.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the American Society of International Law was held at Washington, April 23-25. Among addresses given was an illustrated talk on the life and work of Grotius by Professor J. S. Reeves, of the University of Michigan. Other principal items on the program included an address on the codification of international law in America, by Dr. James Brown Scott; discussions of nationality by birth and naturalization, by Messrs. Green H. Hackworth and Richard W. Flournoy, of the Department of State; and papers on the limitations upon the initiation of military action and upon the initiation of war, by Hon. David Jayne Hill, of Washington, and Mr. Thomas R. White, of the Philadelphia bar. The speakers announced for the annual dinner were Hon. Frank B. Kellogg, Secretary of State, and the Right Hon. Sir Esme Howard, British ambassador to the United States.

Among the lecturers invited to the second institute of the Norman Wait Harris Memorial Foundation, which will be held at the Uni-

versity of Chicago from June 30 to July 24, are Count Michimasa Soyeshima, member of the House of Peers of Japan, P. W. Kuo, president of Southeastern University, Shanghai, China, and H. G. W. Woodhead, C.B.R., editor of the Peking and Tien Tsin *Times*. The Institute will devote its attention to the Far East. Social, economic and political conditions in China and Japan, the influence of the occident upon the Far East, British policy in the Far East, and American relations with China and Japan, are among the subjects to be discussed. The University of Chicago is offering a number of courses on subjects relating to the Far East for the benefit of students, and round tables for discussion of particular topics will be organized for the specialists in the field attending the Institute lectures. Correspondence relating to the Institute may be addressed to Professor Quincy Wright, University of Chicago.

In May, 1923, Washington University, St. Louis, announced the establishment of a Graduate School of Economics and Government. A distinctive feature was a Residence Foundation in Washington, D. C., where advanced students could live together and bring their theses to completion. In May, 1924, the school was reorganized; it was definitely located in Washington; a two-year course of study was arranged; and the equivalent of a year of graduate work was made a condition of admission. As the school developed, it became increasingly clear that, because of distance, Washington University could exercise only nominal control; also that the school could better perform its work unhampered by any university connection. Accordingly, the board of directors of Washington University in November, 1924, relinquished all authority over it. In the same month it was incorporated under the laws of the District of Columbia as the Robert Brookings Graduate School of Economics and Government. The staff of the school in 1925-26 will include five men who will give all, or nearly all, of their time to the work; five or more consulting fellows; members of the Institute for Government Research and the Institute of Economics, who will give term courses; and other persons who will give short courses upon particular topics. It is announced that in October, 1925, the school will begin the publication of a journal.

The fifth annual meeting of the National Council for the Social Studies was held at Cincinnati on February 28. The formal part of the program was devoted to a discussion of social science courses in the high

schools, their relation to adult education, and the preparation of high school teachers of social studies. The chief point of interest to the political scientist was the standards for the teaching of the social studies in the high schools recommended at the business meeting: (1) the various branches of the social science should be organized in one department; (2) teachers in this department should have thirty per cent of their college training in the general field of social science and fifteen per cent in the particular branch in which they propose to teach; (3) in the preparation of any teacher of history, government, economics, or sociology, the minimum number of credits should be ten per cent of the total requirements for the bachelor's degree in educational subjects. The Council was opposed to the granting of "blanket" teacher's certificates which permit the holder to teach any high school subject, and favored the group certificate which confines the holder to a related group of subjects, e.g., history, government, economics, and sociology.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Social Science Research Council was held in Chicago on February 14 for the consideration of various projects relating to the scientific aspects of human migration and for other purposes. The Council's committee on fellowships met in Chicago on March 14 for the purpose of considering the applications for the new research fellowships for 1925-6. More than one hundred applications were received, and the awards were made at the annual meeting of the Council on April 4. The constituent members of the Social Science Research Council have been increased by the accession of the American Psychological Society and now include the American Political Science Association, the American Statistical Association, the American Sociological Society, the American Economic Association, and the American Psychological Society.

At its annual meeting in Chicago on April 4, the Social Science Research Council announced the appointment of the following fifteen scholars as research fellows of the Council for the year 1925-26, selected from a total of 108 applicants:

Luther Lee Bernard, Ph.D. Professor of Sociology, University of Minnesota. Problem: A study of the development of the social sciences in Argentina with special reference to the economic, political, and other cultural circumstances under which they were developed. Place of study: Argentina.

Charles Warren Everett, M.A. Instructor in Department of English

and Comparative Literature, Columbia University. Problem: Life of Jeremy Bentham and the editing of his unpublished manuscripts. Place of study: London.

Harold F. Gosnell, Ph.D. Instructor in Political Science, University of Chicago. Problem: Factors determining the extent of popular participation in elections in typical European states. Place of Study: Washington, D. C., England, France, Germany, Belgium.

Marcus Lee Hansen, Ph.D. Assistant Professor of History, Smith College. Problem: A basic study of the origins of the foreign elements in the settlement of the Upper Mississippi Valley. Place of study: Washington, Dublin, London, Geneva, Berlin, Hamburg, Bremen.

Joseph Pratt Harris, Ph.D. Instructor in Political Science, University of Wisconsin. Problem: Workings of election registration systems in the United States. Place of study: Headquarters at Chicago, field work throughout the country.

William Jaffee, Docteur en Droit. Tutor in French and Economics, College of the City of New York. Problem: The Industrial Revolution in France. Place of study: France.

Edgar W. Knight, Ph.D. Professor of Education, University of North Carolina. Problem: A study of the Folk high schools in Scandinavian countries, especially Denmark, Sweden and Finland. Place of study: Europe.

Simon S. Kuznets, M.A. Fellow in Economics, Columbia University. Problem: Secular trends in economic theory, their interrelations and their bearing upon cyclical fluctuations. Place of study: New York City.

Ross S. Malmud, M.A. Graduate student, Columbia University. Problem: The psychology of literary ability. Place of study: Columbia University, New York.

Thomas P. Martin, Ph.D. Associate Professor of American History, University of Texas. Problem: A study of Anglo-American relations as influenced by economic, political and social forces playing within and between the two peoples. Place of study: England.

Hutzel Metzger, M.S. Research Assistant, University of Minnesota. Problem: An analysis of the price of certain farm products, with a view to deriving information that will promote the better adjustment of agricultural production. Place of study: Minnesota.

Ernest E. Mowrer, Ph.D. Assistant Professor of Sociology, Ohio Wesleyan University. Problem: Family disorganization as a socially inherited behavior pattern. Place of study: Chicago.

Mrs. Mildred Dennett Mudgett, Ph.D. Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Minnesota. Problem: Legislation affecting the pre-school child in certain European countries. Place of study: England, France, Italy, and Scandinavian countries.

Sterling Denhard Spero, Ph.D. Fellow, New School for Social Research. Problem: The position of the negro in industry. Place of study: Headquarters at New York. Field investigations.

Dorothy Swaine Thomas, Ph.D. Research Assistant, Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Problem: The economic factor in crime. Place of study: New York State.

The fellows will travel and study in the following countries: Argentina, England, Belgium, Germany, France, Italy, and Scandinavian countries of Denmark, Sweden, and Finland.

These are the first awards of the Social Science Research Council. Plans have been made to offer research fellowships annually for the following four years.

The following are the officers of the Council: President, Dr. Charles E. Merriam, University of Chicago; Vice-President, Dr. John R. Commons, University of Wisconsin; Secretary, Dr. Horace Secrist, Northwestern University; Treasurer, Dean E. E. Day, University of Michigan. The Council consists of twenty-one delegates elected three from each of the following national scientific societies: The American Economic Association, The American Political Science Association, The American Statistical Association, The American Sociological Society, The American Anthropological Association, The American Historical Association, and The American Psychological Association.

The Committee on Research Fellowships of the Council consists of Dr. Wesley C. Mitchell, Chairman, Professor of Economics, Columbia University; Dr. Charles E. Merriam, Professor of Political Science, University of Chicago; and Dr. F. Stuart Chapin, Secretary, Professor of Sociology, University of Minnesota.

The fifth session of the Institute of Politics will be held at Williamstown, Massachusetts, July 23 to August 22. The general lecture courses are to be: "Italy and the Mediterranean Area," by Count Antonio Cippico, of Rome; "Peace Problems of France," by Robert Masson, of Paris; and "The League of Nations," by Professor William E. Rappard, of Geneva. A general conference open to all members of the Institute and its instructional and administrative staffs will be conducted by Mr. Lionel Curtis, of Oxford University, on "The Com-

monwealth of Nations," and another by Professor George H. Blakeslee, of Clark University, on "The Recent Foreign Policy of the United States." Regular round table conferences, meeting three times a week during the session and limited to duly enrolled members, will be as follows: "International Justice," Professor Phillip M. Brown, of Princeton University; "Agricultural and Population Increase," Professor Edward M. East, of Harvard University; "Economic Recovery of Europe," Professor Edwin F. Gay, Harvard University; "International Aspects of Natural Resources," Professor Charles K. Leith, University of Wisconsin; "Problems of Armament," Sir Frederick Maurice, of London; "Outstanding Problems in Inter-American Relations," Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Washington, D. C.; "Some Political Problems in Europe," Professor Bernadotte Schmidt, University of Chicago; and "The Mediterranean Area," Professor Arnold Toynbee, University of London.

The executive committee of the National Conference on the Science of Politics announces that the next meeting of the Conference will be held at New York City under the joint auspices of Columbia University and the National Institute of Public Administration, September 7-11.

The program of round tables includes the following:

Round Table I. Politics and Psychology: Experimental Methods of Studying Public Opinion, L. L. Thurstone.

Round Table II. Personnel Problem: William E. Mosher, managing director, School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, Syracuse University.

Round Table III. Public Finance: State Supervision of Local Finance, John A. Fairlie, professor of political science, University of Illinois.

Round Table IV. Legislation: The Delegation of Discretion to Administrative Agencies, H. W. Dodds, editor of the *National Municipal Review*.

Round Table V. Political Parties: (Leader and sub-title to be announced later).

Round Table VI. Constitutional Law: Determination of Methods for Ascertaining the Factors that Influence Judicial Decision in Cases Involving Due Process of Law, Arnold Bennett Hall, professor of political science, University of Wisconsin.

Round Table VII. Nominating Methods: The Development of a Technique for Testing the Usefulness of a Nominating Method, Victor J. West, professor of political science, Stanford University.

Round Table VIII. International Organization: International Commercial Development and the Consular System, Pitman B. Potter, associate professor of political science, University of Wisconsin.

Round Table IX. Municipal Administration: Research, Luther Gulick, director, National Institute of Public Administration.

Round Table X. Regional Planning: Shelby M. Harrison, director, Department of Surveys and Exhibits, Russell Sage Foundation.

The local committee on arrangements consists of Raymond Moley, chairman, Howard Lee McBain, Luther Gulick, Schuyler C. Wallace, John J. Coss, and Joseph McGoldrick, secretary. The committee promises a very interesting program of entertainment supplementing the work of the Conference. Columbia University will make ample provision for the accommodation of the Conference and its members. Housing accommodations for the men of the Conference will be provided in Hartley Hall. Rooms can be secured for \$1.50 a day. The women of the Conference will be housed in Johnson Hall, the new fourteen-story dormitory for graduate women. The Faculty Club, adjoining Johnson Hall and one block from Philosophy Hall, will extend its hospitality to the members of the Conference. Breakfast will be served there a la carte, luncheon sixty cents, and dinner one dollar. The general rooms of the Club, including the lounge, card room, and billiard room, will be at the disposal of the men of the Conference. The women will have extended to them the privileges of the Women's Faculty Club in Johnson Hall. The tennis courts of the University will be available for the use of the members of the Conference.

The directors of the round tables will issue agenda for the work of their groups. These will be sent to the members early in the spring in order that ample opportunity may be afforded for preliminary work in preparation for the Conference.