

## OBITUARY.

WILLIAM LLOYD ANDRIEZEN.

We much regret to have to record the death of Dr. Andriezen at the comparatively early age of thirty-six years. Borne of Cingalese parents, he came to this country to study medicine. During his student career he obtained many medals and distinctions, amongst which was the Medical Entrance Exhibition of University College.

In 1888 he was appointed Demonstrator in Physiology. He was Exhibitioner and Gold Medalist in Organic Chemistry at London University in 1889, and obtained the Liston Gold Medal for Original Research and Pathology in 1891. He graduated as M.B.London with First Class Honours in 1891, and M.D.London in 1893.

He held the post of Pathologist and Assistant Medical Officer at the West Riding Asylum, Wakefield; also Deputy Medical Superintendent at the Metropolitan Asylum, Darenth; and latterly he was Assistant to the Director of Cancer Research in the laboratories of the Middlesex Hospital.

In 1893 he contributed to the *Internat. Monats. f. Anat. u. Physiol.* an article on "A System of Neuroglia Fibre-cells surrounding the Blood-vessels of the Brain."

In 1894 he wrote a long account of the "Newer Aspects of Pathology of Insanity," which he published in *Brain*.

He contributed to the *British Medical Journal* an article on "The Neuroglia Elements in the Human Brain" and another on "The Pathogenesis of Epileptic Idiocy and Imbecility."

In 1899 he submitted to the Medico-Psychological Association a paper on "The Bases for Scientific Psychology and Classification of Mental Diseases."

In 1903 he published in the *Journal of Mental Science* an article on "Stereo-plasm of Nerve Cell: a Study in Nerve Dynamics," and in 1905 another paper on "The Problem of Heredity, with special reference to the Pre-embryonic Life."

During the last year or so of his active life he devoted himself to investigations in connection with the causation and pathology of cancer.

Dr. Andriezen was well known to the members of the Neurological and Medico-Psychological Associations of Great Britain. His work in connection with neuropathology was known in every country. He was a man of wide reading and an earnest thinker in many departments of biological science. He lived a strenuous life of hard work and but little recreation. All his time and inclination seemed to be centred upon his work and his books, and he appeared to wish to cultivate but few friends. In debate, as in private life, he was always courteous, earnest, and just, and few could but admire his indomitable energy and his mental grasp of the various theories and advances in psychology and neuro-pathology.

His last illness was of one year's duration, and he was laid to rest on Friday, November 23rd; his funeral was attended by Dr. Robert Jones and Dr. Hyslop.

## CHARLES ANGUS.

We much regret to have to record the death of Dr. Charles Angus, late Medical Superintendent of the Aberdeen District Asylum, Kingseat.

A native of Aberdeenshire, Dr. Angus had the benefit of an excellent preliminary and secondary education. He entered the University of Aberdeen in 1883, as a medical student, and soon took a distinguished position in the various classes he attended. His favourite subject was anatomy; and he was regarded by the late Sir John Struthers as one of his most exemplary and distinguished students. Thus, on graduating in 1887, he was at once appointed Demonstrator and chief assistant to the Professor of Anatomy. In this position he displayed the same ability and thoroughness which characterised him as a student. During the fourth year of his curriculum he attended a course of clinical lectures on insanity at the Aberdeen Royal Asylum, and for three successive years acted for lengthened periods as *locum tenens* for one or other of the resident medical assistants. On these occasions he showed much aptitude for and was himself so greatly interested in asylum work that he determined to throw aside his excellent prospects as an anatomist and devote himself to the study of insanity. He was