

who was given leave of absence for the year, has accepted a permanent appointment to the University of Cincinnati as associate professor of political science. Professor Willis is resigning from the staff of the political science department to continue his work as a member of the Board of Elections of Hamilton County and as executive director of the Hamilton County Democratic party organization.

Richard L. Park of the University of California (Berkeley) has accepted a position as associate professor of political science at the University of Michigan.

Julius Paul, associate professor in the government department at Southern Illinois University, will join the department of political science at Wayne State University as associate professor in September.

Melvin Richter was promoted to the rank of assistant professor of political science at Hunter College as of January 1, 1959.

James A. Riedel, has been appointed chairman of the government department at Union College to replace Douglas Campbell in that post. Campbell's illness will not prevent his continued teaching with a reduced load.

John P. Roche, professor of politics and dean of the faculty at Brandeis University,

has been named the first incumbent of the Morris Hillquit Chair in American Legal and Social Thought, established in memory of the great American socialist and civil libertarian.

Paul Seabury has been promoted to the rank of associate professor of political science at the University of California.

Kurt Steiner of Stanford University has been promoted to associate professor of political science.

Roger Swearingen of the University of Southern California will be at Columbia University during the fall term, as visiting professor of government, taking James William Morley's place while the latter is on leave.

Helen Shirley Thomas has been appointed an instructor in political science at Goucher College beginning September 1959.

Norman Thomas of Princeton University has been appointed instructor of political science at the University of Michigan.

Cecil Van Crabb, Jr., has been promoted to associate professor at Vassar College.

Sheldon S. Wolin has been promoted to the rank of associate professor at the University of California.

IN MEMORIAM

Cecil H. Driver, professor of political science at Yale University, died in his sleep on October 19, 1958, in his apartment in New Haven. He was 58. Except for his father and a brother in England, he left no survivors, his wife having died two years earlier; they had no children. For the last several years of his life he had been ill as a result of two heart attacks in as many years. He had, however, resumed some teaching in the Fall; and while he was very far from the old robust figure whose wit, pungency, and humor made him one of Yale's most popular and respected teachers for over two decades, his sudden death came as a surprise and shock to his colleagues and students.

A native of England, Professor Driver was born in Bedfordshire, grew up in Norfolk, won a grammar school scholarship, served as a physical training instructor in the British Army, and then, after the First World War, entered King's College of the University of London, from which he received first class

honors upon his graduation in 1922. He was a lecturer in constitutional history at his alma mater, and in 1932, he accepted a Rockefeller Traveling Fellowship that brought him to the United States. Here among other universities he visited Yale. This was the initiation of the long and devoted service at Yale that marked the remainder of his life. He came to Yale as an associate professor of government in 1935, was promoted to the rank of professor in 1947, became director of graduate studies in 1953, and chairman of the department in 1955. A year later he had the first of the heart attacks that ultimately carried him off.

Although he was wont to say that he rarely read any work, no matter how poor, from which he did not learn something, he was severe in the standards he set for himself and his students. Doubtless he was too severe; for though brilliant and erudite, with a superb style in written as well as in oral prose, he wrote little. Discerning readers of his essays on

Locke, Mably and Morelly, Godwin, Hodgskin, Bagehot and others in various volumes of the well-known series edited by F. J. C. Hearnshaw will remember the lucidity, penetration and skill of the author. His major work, *Tory Radical*, a study of the English Tory reformer Richard Oastler, was, characteristically, not merely a biography of a man but an analysis of a whole historical period.

There have been few teachers more dedicated or more accomplished. Thousands of undergraduates at Yale during the last quarter century, and virtually all of the graduate students, will never forget his courses, whether these were lectures to four hundred or seminars for ten. He was famous with undergraduates. He had such enormous style that he was often likened to the two modern Englishmen he most nearly worshipped, Disraeli and Churchill. He would probably not mind having as his epitaph some comments on him that appeared a few years ago in the undergraduate newspaper: "Aggressive, subtle, urgent, he stands on the rostrum lecturing as though he were trying to persuade an inert Parliament to rush off on a crusade. Initially his audience is disposed to eye him suspiciously, as if he were an unplugged hand-grenade that might pop off at any minute. But he seldom fails to arouse his classes to their feet at the conclusion of his courses, an achievement which puzzles him somewhat (though not too much), annoys him a little, yet perhaps pleases him more than he cares to let on."

ROBERT A. DAHL

William Henry Edwards, chairman and professor of the social science department at the State University of New York Teachers College at Brockport, died on February 5, 1959, of a heart attack.

Dr. Edwards received his B.A., M.A., and Ph.D. degrees from Ohio State University, and did additional study at the Universities of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Chicago, and the Brookings Graduate School under a George Eastman Fellowship.

Prior to his appointment at Brockport, he taught at the University of North Dakota, Sweetbriar College, State Teachers College at River Falls, Wisconsin, New Mexico State College of A and M, and during various summer sessions at New York University. From 1946 to 1947, Dr. Edwards represented the United States as a visiting professor of politics and public administration at the University of Madras, India.

Dr. Edwards was a member of the American Political Science Association; American Society for Public Administration; American Association of University Professors; New York State Political Science Association (past President); the National Municipal League; and was a former editor of the *Southwest Social Science Quarterly*. He was an active leader in the Citizenship Clearing House and was project chairman of the Up-State Office in Albany. He was an adviser to Governor Harriman's committee on the revision of the New York state constitution. Dr. Edwards was the author of various texts and articles.

DONALD J. McWHERTER
Social Science Department

Geddes William Rutherford, associate professor of political science at Queens College, Flushing, New York, died on December 22, 1958. He had been a member of the Queens College faculty since 1946.

Professor Rutherford was born on October 29, 1892 in Toronto, Canada. He received his Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Missouri in 1913, his Master of Arts degree from Harvard University in 1916 and his Doctor of Philosophy degree from American University in 1946.

Dr. Rutherford, a known scholar in the field of public administration, previously taught at Grinnell College, Iowa, Iowa State College, the University of Kansas, Washington University of St. Louis and Howard University. At Howard University, he was associated on the faculty of political science with Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Under Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Professor Rutherford wrote numerous articles in the field of public administration for many learned journals, including the *American Journal of International Law* and the *American Political Science Review*. From 1941-42, he was a consultant with the United States Bureau of the Budget.

Among the honors which Professor Rutherford received was a Harvard University Scholarship in 1914 and membership in Phi Kappa Phi, honorary scholastic society.

At Queens College, Professor Rutherford taught courses in public administration, state and local government, municipal management and political theory.

IRVING P. SCHWARTZ