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Corrigendum

Salt taste perception and blood pressure levels in population-based samples: the Circulatory Risk in Communities Study (CIRCS) – CORRIGENDUM

Asako Kudo, Akihiro Kitamura, Hironori Imano, Renzhe Cui, Mitsumasa Umesawa, Kazumasa Yamagishi, Tetsuya Ohira, Isao Muraki, Mina Hayama-Terada, Masahiko Kiyama and Hiroyasu Iso for CIRCS Investigators

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Original text and correction

The original version of this article [1] in “Result” section in page 3 contained an error.

Original text

The proportion of drinking up noodle soup was higher in Osaka than in Akita for men of both age groups and for women of 60–74 years, and the proportion of eating out ≥ 3 times/week was higher in Osaka than in Akita for men and women of 60–74 years.

Correction

The proportion of drinking up noodle soup was higher in Osaka than in Akita for men of both age groups and for women of 60–74 years, and the proportion of eating out \geq once/week was higher in Osaka than in Akita for men and women of 60–74 years.

Reference

1. Kudo A, Kitamura A, Imano H, *et al.* Salt taste perception and blood pressure levels in population-based samples: the Circulatory Risk in Communities Study (CIRCS) [published online ahead of print, 2020 Aug 20]. *Br J Nutr* 2020;1–9. doi: [10.1017/S0007114520002640](https://doi.org/10.1017/S0007114520002640)