

P-1134 - GROUP PSYCHOTHERAPY FOR HIV INFECTED PEOPLE: A DIFFERENT APPROACH

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Introduction: HIV is often related to psychological distress, after the diagnosis and the beginning of HAART. Brief Psychological approaches are important but they give only support, enhancing the relationships of the patients. In many cases these relationships are dysfunctional too.

Psychotherapies don't focus on the individual's autonomy but on the support from the others.

Objectives: A brief-group psychotherapy focused on major objectives of each person but with the main common objective to enhance the psychological individual independence and to promote a self-maturation; understanding the dysfunctional dynamics realized in the past that are enhanced by the HIV-status, to promote individual independence with the objective of focusing the good and valid relationships and change the dysfunctional ones and to allow the person to be able to open to the world again.

Method: A brief group psychotherapy, supportive but mostly expressive.

a small group 3 male, 1 female: were chosen for group psychotherapy after 2-3 individual meetings. 16 psychotherapy meetings, weekly, length 1 hour 40-45 minutes.

Results: First time patients worked on their dysfunctional affective part, that was pre-hiv. In a second time they worked promoting their possibility of independence to find their lost self esteem. in the last time they focused to improve their relationships where possible but mostly to think that they can go out alone from the darkness after HIV diagnosis.

Conclusions: Quality of life of HIV patients can be focused on changing their dysfunctional parts, first enhancing the process of independence and individual esteem of the person.