

Synthesis models in the VO framework

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Abstract. The theory interest group in the International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA) has the goal of ensuring that theoretical data and services are taken into account in the IVOA standards process. In this poster we present some of the efforts carried out by this group to include evolutionary synthesis models in the VO framework. In particular we present the VO tool PGos3, developed by the INAOE (Mexico) and the Spanish Virtual Observatory which includes most of public SSP models in the VO framework (e.g. VOSpec). We also describe the problems related with the inclusion of synthesis models in the VO framework and we try to encourage people to define the way in which synthesis models should be described. This issue has implications not only for the inclusion of synthesis models in the the VO framework but also for a proper usage of synthesis models.

Keywords. Galaxies: stellar content

1. The VO and IVOA

The Virtual Observatory (VO) is a system by which astronomers can produce more robust scientific results by allowing the use of multiple data centers (observational and theoretical ones), and by the development of analysis and visualization tools. The International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA)[†] has the mission to facilitate the international coordination and collaboration necessary for the development and deployment of the VO.

One of the IVOA interest groups is the *Theory interest group* whose goal is to ensure that theoretical data and services are taken into account in the IVOA standard process.

2. SSP models in the VO

Currently, it is possible to access synthesis models in the VO framework. However, they are only implemented to access theoretical SEDs via *Theoretical Spectral Access Protocol* (TSAP) developed by ESA-VO and SVO, but TSAP does not cover all possible synthesis models results. Moreover, the access is only currently performed by spectral oriented tool (VOSpec[‡] in particular). Current services are illustrated in Fig. 1.

[†] <http://www.ivoa.net>

[‡] <http://esavo.esa.int/vospec/>

Databases SSP access in the VO

SSP VO services:

- CEA/astrogrid (common execution architecture)**
<http://www2.astrogrid.org/>
- Galaxev (BC03)**
Pegase & Pegase-HR
Starburst99
- Pegase-HR server (only SED)**
<http://vo.obspm.fr/cgi-bin/siap/pegasehr.pl>
- UVBLUE**
- PGOs3 (only SED)**
<http://ov.inaoep.mx/pgos3/index.php/>
- Ready:** Galaxev (BC03), Pegase, Pegase-HR, Galaxev, Sed@, Sed@-Xray
In preparation: GraSil, Starburst99, Vazdekis models, Maraston models, Buzzoni models

SSP related VO services:

Only access to SED atmosphere models via SVO & PGOs3
 NO isochrone access at the moment (except via Vizier)
NO access to results different than the SED

Figure 1. Schema of current SSP access services in the VO.

3. The PGOs3 database and Synthesis Models description

PGOs3 is a database aimed to provide SSP and related models in a VO framework for its later use in VO applications. It is included in a long term project for fitting and analysis of stellar populations in galaxies. PGOs3 has been developed by the INAOE (Mexico) and the SVO, and it had been used for TSAP development.

However, to go further in the inclusion of synthesis models in the VO it is necessary to provide a *Data Model* of the possible results. That is, it is mandatory: (a) To *define* what means a synthesis code result: deterministic vs. probabilistic paradigm like Monte Carlo simulations or general probabilistic descriptions (Cerviño & Luridiana (2006)). (b) To *define* how a synthesis model can be *described* univocally in terms of physical/computational parameters and not only code-authors names. And (c) to describe the *limitations* and *parameter space coverage* of different codes in an homogeneous way.

These requirements are not only VO requirements, but also scientific requirements needed (a) to understand why synthesis models computed by different codes with identical inputs differ, (b) to be able to establish physical justifications when a particular code, instead of a fashionable one, is chosen, and (c) to make a proper use of synthesis models.

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Reference

Cerviño, M. & Luridiana, V. 2006, A&A 451, 475

¶ <http://ov.inaoep.mx/pgos3/>