SIMULTANEOUS UBVRIJK PHOTOMETRIC AND POLARIMETRIC OBSERVATIONS OF PQ GEM

STEPHEN POTTER¹, K. O. MASON¹, M. S. CROPPER¹, J. A. BAILEY², J. H. HOUGH³

 Mullard Space Science Laboratory, Holmbury St. Mary, Dorking, Surrey, RH5 6NT, England
Anglo-Australian Observatory, PO Box 296, Epping, NSW 2121, Australia
Division of Physical Sciences, University of Hertfordshire, Herts, AL10 9AB, England

We present simultaneous multiwavelength observations of the intermediate polar PQ Gem (Mason et al. 1992) obtained on 1993 February 18 and 19 using the Hatfield Polarimeter on UKIRT.

The data are folded on the 13.9 m spin period in Fig. 1. The light curves are double peaked at long wavelengths, with dips at phase ~ 0.15 and phase ~ 0.65 , but almost sinusoidal in the U and B bands where the phase ~ 0.65 dip is absent. The percentage of circular polarisation also varies with the spin cycle, most notably in the I band, with both positive and negative excursions. The peaks in the positive and negative polarisation occur at phase ~ 0.15 and phase ~ 0.65 respectively, approximately coincident with the two intensity dips.

We have modelled these light curves using arc-shaped emission regions. The spectrum of each point along the arc is calculated using the data of Meggitt & Wickramasinghe (1982) and the spectrum summed as a function of spin phase for various viewing geometries. We have used $\Lambda \sim 10^5$ (where Λ is the optical depth parameter), $kT \sim 10 \text{ keV}$ models with a field of ~18 MG at the magnetic pole. The best fit to the observations was obtained for a system inclination of 60° and magnetic dipole offset of 30°, with two extended arcs located at opposite ends of the magnetic dipole (Fig. 2).

Our model explains the dip in the negative polarisation at phase ~ 0.65 as absorption or scattering of the cyclotron radiation by the accretion column as the accretion region traverses the line of sight. Half a cycle later the main emission region is occulted by the white dwarf resulting in the wavelength independent dip at phase ~ 0.15 .

181

A. Evans and J. H. Wood (eds.), Cataclysmic Variables and Related Objects, 181-182.

© 1996 Kluwer Academic Publishers. Printed in the Netherlands.



Figure 1. Photometry and circular polarimetry of PQ Gem plotted against the phase of the 13.9 m spin period with the ephemeris 2449297.973 + 0.009645966N.



Figure 2. Model fit to the I band photometry and circular polarisation. The linear and position angle observations taken from Piirola, Hakala & Coyne (1993). Best fit obtained for an inclination of 60° and with the magnetic dipole offset at an angle of 30° .

References

Mason, K.O., Watson, M.G., Ponman T.J., et al., 1992, MNRAS, 258, 794 Meggitt, S.M., Wickramasinghe, D.T., 1982, MNRAS, 198, 71 Piirola, V., Hakala, P., Coyne, G.V., 1993, Ap. J., 410, L107